Mastery Check VI (Concepts 106 – 120)

rac	ctitioner/Specialist	Date	
ota	al Teaching Hours to Teach These C	oncepts	
Stuc	dent		
1	Reading – (Must be administered indiv The teacher gives the student the readir and the sentences. The teacher marks more that 2 errors on the word list and n	ng form. The student reads the words + for correct and 0 for incorrect. (No	
	1 event citrus	_ along kneeling	
	2 foretell written	insight preacher	
	3 unhappiness mislead	_ endow underpass	
	4 overextend wheel	outreach divine	
	5 wringing scowling	_aware recess	
	6 divide whistle	_ misdirect decay	
	7 retreat decide	_ salute fancy	
	Recent events have led to the cance	ling of the program.	
	2. The teacher will read the third chapter of the book after recess.		
	3. The drops the doctor gave me dilated my pupils.		
	4. He inhales as he heaves the bulky boxes.		
	5. Beware of a dog that growls and bares its canine teeth.		
	Summary:/ 28 words correct	from list	
	/ 50 words correct	in sentences	
	Analysis:		

Student	Date

II. Spelling – (can be administered in a group.)

The teacher gives the student a piece of notebook paper. The teacher dictates the words and sentences one at a time. The teacher marks + for correct and 0 for incorrect. (No more than 3 errors on the words and no more than 3 errors on the sentences.)

decoy	alike	sofa	direct
overcook	underfed	mistake	unite
recede	omitting	unlucky	outrun
whisper	event		

- 1. The wind whispered in the trees.
- 2. Twenty cars stopped on the overpass.
- 3. The fire alarm sounded at five in the morning.

Summary:	/ 14 words correct from list		
	/ 21 words correct in sentences		

Analysis:			

III. Fluency - (Must be administered individually.)

The teacher gives the student a copy of the Rapid Word Recognition Chart. The student reads the words continuously for one minute. The teacher puts a + each time a word is read correctly and a 0 each time a word is read incorrectly. The student may read the chart several times.

Analysis:	
Number of words correct per minute (total number of words – errors):	wcpm
Errors:	
Total number of words:	
Time:	One minute
understanddecidemis	sspellplowpoliteoverstate
misspellpoliteplow	understandoverstatedecide
decideunderstandplo	woverstatepolitemisspell
politemisspelloverstate	plowdecideunderstand
understanddecideplow _	overstatemisspell polite

Student	Date

IV. Comprehension (Must be administered individually.)

The teacher reads the passage, asks questions, and records score.

Androcles and the Lion

Androcles was a slave who was cruelly treated. One day he had a chance to escape. He quickly ran into the forest and there he saw a lion. He was about to run away when he noticed that the lion was crying heartbreakingly.

Androcles moved slowly toward the lion. The lion's paw was swollen and bleeding because a sharp thorn had gouged it. Androcles gently washed and bandaged the lion's paw.

The lion was so grateful that he licked Androcles' face just as a dog would lick its master's face. The lion then led Androcles to a cave, where he lived safely for many weeks. Each day the lion would bring Androcles fresh meat. Both Androcles and the lion were quite satisfied.

One day Androcles and the lion were both captured and taken to the arena. Androcles was to be thrown to the lion after it had been starved for several days. On the day of the grand event, the emperor and all his subjects came to view the spectacle. The lion was released from its cage.

The lion came out of the cage, roaring loudly. The lion charged toward Androcles as the crowd cheered wildly. When the lion came near Androcles, it leaped up so its front paws rested upon Androcles' shoulders. The lion then lovingly licked Androcles' face. Androcles was happy to see his friend. The emperor had never seen such a sight before and was so moved that he freed Androcles and the lion.

Questions:

- 1. [Read the last sentence in the first paragraph.] What word is a synonym or a word that means the same as *sad*?
- 2. [Read the second sentence in the second paragraph.] What word is a synonym for *cut*?
- 3. [Read the last sentence in the fourth paragraph.] What word is an antonym or a word that means the opposite of *captured*?
- 4. Who are the characters?
- 5. What makes this a make-believe passage?
- 6. What is the setting of the story?
- 7. Who are the characters?
- 8. What lesson does this fable teach?
- 9. How does this lesson apply to your life?
- 10. Which one provides the best model for the golden rule?

Number of correct answers:	
Number correct x 10:	%

Student	Date		
Analysis:			

V. Writing

Students are given a writing prompt and directed to complete a paragraph in a specific amount of time. The teacher uses the writing rubric to analyze a sample of the student's writing.

Type of Writing	
Amount of Time Given	

Content Objectives	1	2	3
Student uses complete	Student uses simple	Student uses simple	Student uses a variety
sentences.	sentences with an	sentences with an	of sentences – simple,
	average of 5 or fewer	average of 5 or more	compound, complex.
	words in a sentence	words.	Student varies length of
Student's score			sentences.
Student uses	Student uses capital	Student uses capital	Student uses capital
appropriate	letters at the beginning	letters at the beginning	letters when needed.
capitalization.	of each sentence	of each sentence.	
	inconsistently.		
Student's Score			
Student uses	Student ends each	Student uses	Student uses
appropriate punctuation.	sentence with a period.	appropriate ending	appropriate ending and
		punctuation marks.	internal punctuation.
Student's Score			
Student uses correct	Student makes more	Student makes 3-4	Student makes no more
grammar.	than 5 grammatical	grammatical errors.	than 2 grammatical
	errors.		errors.
Student's score			
Student includes	Student omits 1-2 steps.	Student includes all	Student includes all
necessary steps.		necessary steps.	steps and includes
			transitions and
Student's score			connectors.
Student has a logical	Student's writing	Student's writing	Student's writing
and cohesive flow.	demonstrates minimal	demonstrates logical	demonstrates clear and
	evidence of	organization.	logical organization;
	organization.		student's writing flows.
Student's score			
Student spelling is	Student makes more	Student makes fewer	Student makes no more
correct.	than 5 errors or student	than 5 errors. Errors	than 2 errors.
	makes fewer errors that	adhere to reliable	
	do not adhere to reliable	patterns and rules.	
.	patterns and rules.		
Student's score			
Total			

Student	Date
	n instruction. For example, if handwriting clude handwriting practice during the daily
Summary:/ 21 points earn	ed
Analysis:	

VI. Comprehension Part B

Developing Metacognitive Skills (DMS)

If you are using the *Developing Metacognitive Skills Manual* (DMS) during the comprehension portion of extended reading/writing, report student progress on progress measures found in the manual that have been given so far. Progress is monitored approximately every five to six weeks. There are four areas that are monitored: *Word Identification, Passage Comprehension, Vocabulary*, and *Fluency*. The progress monitors are delineated in the appropriate lessons.

- Word Identification is measured with word lists after Lessons 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 61, and 71. Word Identification Assessments are found in the Appendices of DMS. These are words from Rapid Word Recognition Charts.
- Passage Comprehension is measured with passage readings from Six-Way Paragraphs after Lessons 23, 33, 43, 53, 63, 73, and 75.
- Vocabulary is measured with multiple choice assessments after Lessons 25, 35, 45, 55, 65, and 75. Vocabulary Assessments are found in the Appendices.
 These are words from vocabulary webs.
- Fluency is measured with one-minute readings of passages from Six-Way Paragraphs after Lessons 18, 28, 38, 48, 58, 68, and 74.

Refer to the attached progress monitoring form.

PROGRESS MONITORING FORM

Name							
MEASURE	ONE	TWO	THREE	FOUR	FIVE	SIX	SEVEN
VOCABULARY							
Date:							
Correct/Total:					/12		
PASSAGE COMPREHENSION	4 th grade	4 th grade	4 th grade	5 th grade	6 th grade	7 th grade	8 th grade
Date:							
Correct/Total:	9/	9/	9	9/	9/	9	9/
WORD IDENTIFICATION	z						
Date:							
Correct/Total:	/30	/30	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	/30	<u>30</u>	<u> </u>
FLUENCY	4 th grade	4 th grade	5 th grade	5 th grade	6 th grade	7 th grade	8 th grade
Date:							
Number of Words Read:							
Number of Errors:							
Words Correct per Minute:							



Teaching Basic Language Skills
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Student	Date
Target areas to include instruction prior t	o next Mastery Check:
Notes about this teaching situation:	

Reading Mastery

1. event	citrus	along	kneeling
2. foretell	written	insight	preacher

- 3. unhappiness mislead endow underpass
- 4. overextend wheel outreach divine
- 5. wringing scowling aware recess
- 6. divide whistle misdirect decay
- 7. retreat decide salute fancy
 - 1. Recent events have led to the canceling of the program.
 - 2. The teacher will read the third chapter of the book after recess.
 - 3. The drops the doctor gave me dilated my pupils.
 - 4. He inhales as he heaves the bulky boxes.
 - 5. Beware of a dog that growls and bares its canine teeth.

RAPID WORD RECOGNITION CHART for Master Check VI -- Fluency

		I Master Circ	CHECK VI LIUGHCY	ر دااد	
understand	decide	plow	overstate	misspell	polite
polite	misspell	overstate	wold	decide	understand
decide	understand	plow	overstate	polite	misspell
misspell	polite	plow	understand	overstate	decide
understand	decide	misspell	wold	polite	overstate

